
Remuneration policy 2025

Table of contents

1	Purpose	3
2	Legal framework.....	3
3	Organisation.....	4
3.1	Board of Directors – risk takers	4
3.2	Executive Board – risk takers	4
3.3	Other risk takers	4
3.4	Employees in control functions.....	5
4	Remuneration of the Board of Directors	5
5	Remuneration of the Executive Board.....	6
5.1	Termination provisions for the Executive Board and other risk takers	6
5.2	Criteria for granting severance pay	6
6	Variable remuneration of the Executive Board and other risk takers.....	6
6.1	Criteria and procedure for granting variable pay	7
6.2	Instruments.....	8
6.3	Cap on variable pay components	8
6.4	Deferral and lock-up	9
6.5	Payout restrictions (back testing) and repayment of variable pay (clawback)	9
6.6	Lower threshold	9
7	Remuneration of other employees	10
7.1	Variable remuneration of other employees	10
7.2	Criteria for granting variable pay	10
7.3	Cap on variable pay components	11
8	Remuneration Committee.....	11
9	Oversight by the Board of Directors.....	11
10	Disclosure and reporting requirements.....	12
11	Remuneration report	13
12	Adoption	13

1 Purpose

The purpose of the remuneration policy of Danish Ship Finance A/S (hereinafter Danish Ship Finance or the company) is to set out the guidelines for remuneration of:

- The Board of Directors
- The Executive Board
- Employees whose activities have a material impact on the company's risk profile
- Employees in special functions
- Other employees

In compliance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Business Act, this remuneration policy provides an overall written framework for remuneration in the company which is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management.

The remuneration policy is designed to attract and retain highly skilled employees and managers. The remuneration of individual employees is therefore based on the pay level for an employee's job category, job level and personal qualifications in line with market standards for such positions. Furthermore, for the Executive Board and certain groups of employees, the company uses share-like instruments to ensure focus on long-term value creation.

The remuneration policy also aims to establish a community of interest among the owners and employees of the company. Moreover, the Board of Directors continuously focuses on ensuring that the remuneration policy does not encourage excessive risk taking.

2 Legal framework

The remuneration policy has been prepared in accordance with the remuneration rules under the Danish Financial Business Act and the related executive order as well as national and EU regulations that apply to the company (see the Danish Executive Order on a Ship Finance Institute).

The Board of Directors prepares the company's remuneration policy and reviews it at least once a year to align it with the company's performance. The remuneration policy is subject to adoption at the annual general meeting of the company.

Material risk takers at the company are identified in accordance with applicable national and EU-based rules and regulations.

3 Organisation

The general meeting is the supreme authority of the company.

The general meeting elects the number of members of the Board of Directors prescribed in the articles of association. The Board also has employee-elected members, the number of which is half the number of the general meeting-elected members rounded up to nearest whole number.

Employee-elected members are elected for a term of four years each.

3.1 Board of Directors – risk takers

Elected by the general meeting:

- Eivind Kolding (Chairman)
- Ahmed Omar Mohamed Abdelmonem (Vice Chairman)
- Peter Nyegaard (Vice Chairman)
- Omar Elali
- Povl Christian Lütken Frigast
- Thor Jørgen Guttormsen
- Jacob Balslev Meldgaard

Elected by the employees:

- Marcus Freuchen Christensen
- Henriette Søgaaard Fabricius
- Andreas Hertz-Poulsen
- Christopher Rex

3.2 Executive Board – risk takers

The Board of Directors appoints an Executive Board consisting of up to three members to oversee the day-to-day management of the company.

3.3 Other risk takers

In accordance with applicable regulations, the Board of Directors has also identified the following employees as risk takers whose activities are deemed to have a material impact on the company's risk profile:

- Head of Credit
- Head of Treasury
- Head of Finance
- Head of Compliance

- Head of IT & Digitalisation
- Head of Investments, Treasury
- Head of Funding and Investor Relations, Treasury

The Board of Directors identifies material risk takers once a year based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee and as necessary when appointments are made.

The Executive Board conducts a review of all employees and their responsibilities and subsequently identifies risk takers with due consideration given to the company's control procedures.

3.4 Employees in control functions

The following employees undertake control activities:

- Head of Credit
- Internal Controller
- Head of Finance
- Senior Specialist, Trade Services
- Specialist, Trade Services
- Head of Risk Management
- Risk Manager
- Head of Compliance
- Credit Controller, Client Relations

If the remuneration of an employee in the company's control functions has a variable pay component, this shall not be based on the performance of the department in which the employee conducts control activities.

Other considerations related to remuneration of employees in control functions are described in section 9.

4 Remuneration of the Board of Directors

Members of the Board of Directors receive a fixed annual remuneration.

The Chairman receives a remuneration of	DKK 750,000
Each Vice Chairman receives a remuneration of	DKK 350,000
Other board members receive a remuneration of	DKK 200,000
Committee members receive a remuneration of	DKK 150,000

The remuneration of the Board of Directors takes into consideration economic trends and the level of remuneration in similar companies and the scope of work. Based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors submits proposals for

changes to the remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and of the members of the committees set up by the Board of Directors to the annual general meeting for adoption. The individual members of the Board of Directors may opt not to receive remuneration.

No variable remuneration is paid to members of the Board of Directors for undertaking their board duties, either to members elected by the general meeting or employee-elected members. However, an employee-elected member of the Board of Directors may receive variable remuneration if such remuneration is related to work performed as an employee of Danish Ship Finance.

5 Remuneration of the Executive Board

The members of the Executive Board have entered into an executive service agreement with the company. Under this agreement, the fixed annual remuneration consists of a base salary, a pension contribution of 13.40% of the base salary, a holiday supplement of 3.25%, a salary supplement of 0.45%, a company car, multimedia, insurance, etc.

The terms of the service agreement and adjustment of the base salary are agreed with the Board of Directors. The terms for variable remuneration of the members of the Executive Board are set out in section 6 below.

5.1 Termination provisions for the Executive Board and other risk takers

The company may terminate the employment relationship with a member of the Executive Board or a risk taker in accordance with the relevant employment contract. The individual written notice may extend up to 18 months, to expire at the end of a month.

5.2 Criteria for granting severance pay

The company does not grant severance pay.

However, the company may grant severance pay where it is required by law or specific criteria have been set out in a severance agreement and such criteria have been met.

6 Variable remuneration of the Executive Board and other risk takers

The Board of Directors may enter into agreements on variable remuneration with the individual members of the Executive Board. The Executive Board may enter into agreements on variable remuneration with individual managers and risk takers in accordance with the limits prescribed by the Board of Directors.

An agreement on variable remuneration may include performance contracts, one-off remuneration, retention bonuses and the like. Within the scope of the applicable executive order, the Board of Directors may further approve sign-on bonuses to attract the best qualified candidates. The sign-on bonus may not exceed 150% of the annual fixed salary offered.

6.1 Criteria and procedure for granting variable pay

Variable pay may be granted for retention purposes or as a reward to a member of the Executive Board, a manager or a risk taker for delivering sustained and risk-adjusted results as well as results exceeding what would be expected given his work experience and organisational responsibility. The variable pay is determined on a discretionary basis according to the criteria and method set out below.

The individual criteria for granting performance-based variable pay takes into consideration performance targets, existing and future risks associated with such targets, and the cost of capital, liquidity and credit risk required to obtain the results.

Subject to the overall business goals, the criteria for performance-based remuneration may include an assessment of the following parameters:

- Earnings and cost trends
- Development in the lending book
- Loan impairment charges and write-offs
- Capital structure
- Liquidity and funding position
- Active participation in the implementation of the corporate strategy adopted by the Board of Directors
- Active participation in the integration of sustainability in lending and funding
- Active organisation development, ensuring that the right competencies to implement the strategy are available at all times
- Compliance with regulatory and supervisory requirements
- A satisfactory trend in client satisfaction
- A satisfactory level of and trend in employee satisfaction (the Executive Board and employees with management responsibilities).

An assessment of the financial criteria in particular focuses on the results achieved in relation to budgets and projections as well as developments in the markets (especially lending and funding) and the risk scenario during the year.

Non-financial criteria include compliance by the individual member of the Executive Board, the manager or the risk taker with Danish Ship Finance's internal rules and procedures, as well as guidelines and business procedures applying to relations with clients and investors.

The total award according to the above criteria is multiplied by a factor reflecting the annual return for the shareholders. The factor may be zero if profit after tax does not exceed the minimum requirement laid down from time to time.

In addition, it must be ensured that variable pay is granted in such a way that:

- There is an appropriate balance between fixed and variable pay components
- The fixed pay is sufficiently high to allow Danish Ship Finance to pursue a flexible bonus policy.

6.2 Instruments

Subject to compliance with applicable legislation, Danish Ship Finance may apply bonds (senior contingent notes), shares and phantom shares, which, using total shareholder return (TSR) adjustment, are based on a specified index measured as the appreciation in value of the ratio between adjusted net earnings at the consolidated level and the owner-invested capital adjusted for dividends and capital contributions, if applicable.

Instruments shall account for at least 50% of the variable remuneration, and a considerably larger share should generally be targeted.

6.3 Cap on variable pay components

On an annual basis, the Board of Directors determines a maximum percentage of the variable pay component relative to the fixed salary. For members of the Executive Board, managers and other risk takers, the variable pay component must not exceed 50% of the fixed base salary including pension contributions.

The Remuneration Committee may in certain cases recommend that the Board of Directors approve that the variable pay component for a risk taker (excluding the Executive Board) can be up to 100% annually.

The determination of actual variable remuneration amounts will be made at the time remuneration is awarded and will be subject to relevant limits at this time.

6.4 Deferral and lock-up

At least 50% of the variable pay component must be deferred and made instrument-based rather than cash-based. In determining the pay-out structure, the Board of Directors may lay down requirements for the deferral of larger amounts than required by legislation where this is deemed most appropriate and/or reasonable in terms of retention or business considerations.

The instrument-based components are subject to deferral for five years for members of the Executive Board and four years for managers and other risk takers, as well as lock-up for one year in accordance with applicable legislation.

6.5 Payout restrictions (back testing) and repayment of variable pay (clawback)

In respect of pay-out of deferred variable pay, the Board of Directors must assess in relation to the Executive Board, and the Executive Board must assess in relation to other risk takers, whether the criteria for granting variable pay remain satisfied at the time of pay-out.

If that is not the case, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board, respectively, may decide to defer the deferred variable pay component further or cancel it in full or in part.

Furthermore, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board, respectively, may decide that the deferred variable pay component should be further deferred or cancelled in full or in part, if:

- The economic and financial situation of Danish Ship Finance at the time of disbursement is significantly impaired relative to the time of granting
- Danish Ship Finance fails to meet applicable capital and/or capital adequacy requirements, or there is an imminent risk thereof
- The person concerned has participated in or been responsible for behaviour that has resulted in significant losses to Danish Ship Finance or has failed to comply with appropriate suitability and integrity requirements.

Lastly, a deferred variable pay component may be cancelled in full or in part if the variable pay component was granted on the basis of performance data which has been proved to be incorrect, provided that the recipient should have been aware of this. In such cases, the recipient must also repay, in full or in part, any variable pay previously disbursed on the basis of the same incorrect data.

6.6 Lower threshold

The Board of Directors may assess in relation to the Executive Board, and the Executive Board may assess in relation to managers and other risk takers, subject to specified criteria, whether it

is appropriate to exempt variable pay components not exceeding an aggregate annual amount of DKK 100,000 per risk taker from one or more of the requirements set out in 6.4 above.

The clawback provision under section 6.5 also applies to variable pay subject to the lower threshold.

7 Remuneration of other employees

The Executive Board is responsible for ensuring that the employees of Danish Ship Finance receive remuneration which continually and appropriately reflects their level of responsibility and their competencies, the company's business needs and general market demand.

Remuneration and conclusion of employment contracts, including determination of pension contribution, severance pay, etc., shall comply with applicable legislation and Danish Ship Finance's obligations under collective agreements.

7.1 Variable remuneration of other employees

In respect of other employees, the Executive Board may apply variable remuneration, including special retention programmes, within the limits prescribed by the Board of Directors.

Variable remuneration may be in the form of cash and/or equity/instrument-based remuneration, as set out in section 6.

In respect of employees involved in control functions, any variable pay may not be based on the performance of the department in which the employee conducts control activities. The Executive Board's assessment of the employee's performance over the year and granting of any special bonuses/bonuses to employees in control functions are thus to be made independently of the results of the entities for which the employee conducts control activities.

7.2 Criteria for granting variable pay

Variable pay may be granted for retention purposes or as a reward to an employee for delivering sustained results as well as results exceeding what would be expected given his or her work experience and level of responsibility in the organisation.

7.3 Cap on variable pay components

For other employees, the variable pay component shall not exceed 50% of the fixed base salary including pension contributions at the time of allocation. On that basis, the Executive Board determines on an annual basis a maximum percentage for the variable pay component relative to the fixed salary.

8 Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors appoints a Remuneration Committee, which submits recommendations for the remuneration policy to the Board of Directors.

Furthermore, the Remuneration Committee monitors initiatives with respect to remuneration issues as well as compliance with the remuneration policy, as set out in section 9.

9 Oversight by the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors shall ensure that compliance with the remuneration policy is checked at least once a year.

The Remuneration Committee shall monitor the remuneration of the Executive Board, the head of the entity monitoring compliance with risk-taking limits, the head of the company's compliance function, and the part of the organisation which otherwise undertakes monitoring.

Oversight activities include verification of the following:

- No variable pay is granted in contravention of this remuneration policy
- Any variable pay granted in accordance with the lower-threshold provision does not exceed DKK 100,000 for the Executive Board, managers or other risk takers
- The remuneration promotes sound and effective risk management, which does not induce excessive risk taking and includes safeguards to prevent conflicts of interest
- The remuneration is in alignment with the company's business strategy, values, sustainability and long-term goals
- Employees show responsible conduct which does not result in significant losses or is in contradiction to what is to be reasonably expected
- The total variable pay which the company grants does not erode the company's ability to strengthen its capital position
- Reasons for granting variable pay for risk takers are prepared in writing.

When planning the oversight activities, the Board of Directors must ensure that employees involved in the preparation of, and monitoring of compliance with, the remuneration policy have the required expertise and, taking into consideration Danish Ship Finance's size, internal

organisation and the scope and complexity of its activities, that they are independent of the departments which they are monitoring.

In accordance with sections 6 and 7 of the Danish Executive Order on remuneration policy and remuneration in banks, mortgage credit institutions, investment companies, investment management companies, financial holding companies and investment funds, the Board of Directors has authorised the Head of Finance to monitor compliance with the remuneration policy on its behalf.

The Remuneration Committee shall oversee the compliance monitoring process and recommend the remuneration control report for the approval of the Board of Directors.

10 Disclosure and reporting requirements

At least once a year, the company shall disclose the information set out below concerning its remuneration policy and practices for the Board of Director, the Executive Board and other employees whose activities have a material impact on the company's risk profile:

- The decision-making process for the determination of the remuneration policy
- The connection between pay and performance
- The key characteristics of the company's remuneration structure
- The total remuneration amount broken down by remuneration of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board and other employees whose activities have a material impact on the company's risk profile, stating the following:
 - o Total pay disbursed in the financial year broken down by fixed and variable pay and the number of recipients
 - o Sign-on pay and severance pay disbursed in the financial year and the number of recipients
 - o The total amount of severance pay granted in the financial year, the number of recipients and the highest amount granted to a single individual.

This provision only applies to employees whose activities have a material impact on the company's risk profile and shall not involve disclosure of individual employees' pay.

Disclosure of the information shall be published in the company's annual report.

At the company's annual general meeting, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall give an account of the remuneration of the company's Executive Board. The account must include information on remuneration in the preceding financial year and the expected remuneration in the current and following financial years.

The account must include information on fixed pay and the overall guidelines for incentive pay, including the conditions for earning and granting of bonuses/special bonuses and/or share index-linked incentive schemes, etc., as well as for pension contributions, severance agreements and

other benefits. It must also include information on the relative percentage of the fixed pay, incentive pay and other remuneration components.

At the presentation of the annual report, the company must disclose to the Danish FSA the number of employees who, in the course of their employment or duties as a member of the Board of Directors, received total annual pay, including pension contributions, in excess of an amount equivalent to EUR 1 million.

11 Remuneration report

A more detailed review of the remuneration of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board is available in the Remuneration report which is available on the website of Danish Ship Finance A/S: <https://www.shipfinance.dk/investor-relations/>

12 Adoption

The remuneration policy was adopted by the Board of Directors at the company's ordinary board meeting on 27 February 2025 and is recommended for adoption at the company's annual general meeting on 20 March 2025.

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Copenhagen, 27 February 2025

Eivind Drachmann Kolding
(Chairman)

Peter Nyegaard
(Vice Chairman)

Ahmed Omar Mohamed
Abdelmonem Omar
(Vice Chairman)

Marcus Freuchen
Christensen

Omar Elali

Henriette Søgaard Fabricius

Povl Christian Lütken
Frigast

Thor Jørgen Guttormsen

Andreas Hertz-Poulsen

Jacob Balslev Meldgaard

Christopher Rex

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Adopted at the annual general meeting of the company on 20 March 2025

Chairman of the meeting